# BACK PAIN? FIND OUT IF IT'S OA OR AXSPA

Osteoarthritis (OA) and axial spondyloarthritis (axSpA) can both contribute to back pain, but each may affect you differently.

Many different conditions can cause back pain, so figuring out which one is behind your pain can be difficult. Sometimes it goes away on its own. But in other cases, it may be serious and need treatment to keep it from getting worse.

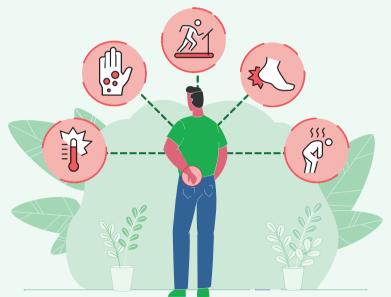
#### What is Axial Spondyloarthritis?

An inflammatory, autoimmune form of arthritis that mostly affects the spine and causes damage visible on X-ray (ankylosing spondylitis) or damage that doesn't show up on X-rays (nonradiographic axSpA).

#### What is Osteoarthritis?

A joint disease that worsens over time. In the lower back, OA of the spinal joints along with degenerative disc disease, nerve inflammation and muscle spasm create pain. OA is usually diagnosed by looking for joint changes on X-ray or MRI.

# **AXSPA**



## Your back pain may be from axSpA if



### Your back pain may be from OA if

It came on abruptly with a



fingers or toes \*Symptoms usually begin at these ages, but children and older adults can also develop axSpA.

| certain activity  |
|---|
| You're middle-aged or older   |
| It hurts more with physical activity** and less with rest                           |
| Your back has been injured or strained from repetitive motions sometime in the past |
| The pain is primarily in your <b>lower back</b>                                     |
| You haven't had unexplained fever   |
| You do <b>not</b> feel unusual fatigue  |
| You <b>don't</b> have chronic pain in your heel or sole                             |
| You <b>don't</b> have psoriasis   |
|   |

You **don't** have swollen,

sausage-like fingers or toes

\* \*Physical activity, especially low-impact

exercise like stretching, yoga or swimming, is

might hurt more when you first start or overdo it.

one of the best therapies for OA pain, but it

